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FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.
(Calling at TIMOR, PORT DARWIN
QUEENSLAND PORTS, and taking
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LAND and TASMANIAN PORTS.

NEW CALEDONIA AND FIJI.)
 The Steamship
Timor, Captain PETERS, will be
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 For Freight or Passage, apply to
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 Hongkong, July 21, 1884. 120

**CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,
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**FOR SYDNEY, MELBOURNE AND
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(without transhipment) via **FOUCHOW.**

 The Steamship
Changchow,
Captain YOTKO, will
be despatched as above on
THURSDAY, 31st July.

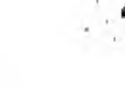
This Vessel has unusually good Cabin
Accommodation, situated upwards, upon
the upper deck.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
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Agents,
Hongkong, July 21, 1884. 120

**FOR BRISBANE, SYDNEY AND MEL-
BOURNE, VIA SINGAPORE,
PENANG & SOERABAYA.**

 The Steamship
Iolan.
T. M. IAVINE, Master, will
be despatched as above
on FRIDAY, the 1st August, at 4 p.m.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
AENHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, July 24, 1864. 1234

FOR LONDON VIA SEBAST CANAL.

 The Steamship
Glenklyn,
Capt. MACKINLAY, will be
despatched as above on
or about the 1st Proximo.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

Hongkong, July 22, 1881. 1213

FOR SINGAPORE, MAURITIUS, PORT
NATAL, EAST LONDON, PORT
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Kennett,
Captain SANDERSON, will
have quick despatch for
the above Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAFLAIC & Co.

Hongkong, July 17, 1884. 1180

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FOR VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The 3/3 L.L.L. American Bark
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have quick despatch.

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RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, July 9, 1884. 1135

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LANS, Master, will load here
for the above Port, and will
have quick despatch.

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FOR NEW YORK.
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SWELL, Master, will load here
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 Hongkong, July 9, 1884. 1136

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 Book of SIMPLE SENTENCES in the
 CANTONESE COLLOQUIAL with FROO and
 LITERAL TRANSLATIONS; and DIRECTIONS for
 Rendering ENGLISH COMMERCIAL FORMS into
 CHINESE and *vice versa*.—Price, \$2. Inter-
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MacEwen, Frickel & Co.
No. 53, Queen's Road East,
(OPPOSITE THE COMMERCIAL)
ARE NOW LANDING
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CALIFORNIA
CRACKER
COMPANY'S BISCUITS in 5 lb
tins, and loose.
Soda BISCUITS.
Assorted BISCUITS.

Small HOMINY.
Cracked WHEAT.

OATMEAL.
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Cutting's Dessert FRUITS in 24 lb cases.
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MEAT.
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BASS'S ALE, bottled by CAMERON and

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CIGARS.

Fine New Season's GUMSHAW TEA, in

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BREAKFAST CONGOU @ 25 cents p. lb.

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SAVES, CASH and PAPER

BOXES, at Manufacturer's Prices.

Hongkong, June 14, 1884.

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BY
DR. E. J. BIEL.
CROWN OCTAVO, PP. 1018.
HONGKONG, 1877-1883.
Part I. A-K. \$2.50
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the whole Written Language of China, ancient
and modern, as used all over the
Empire, whilst its introductory chapters
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the student.

A Supplement, arranged for being bound
and used by itself, and containing a List
of the Radicals, an Index, and a List of
Surnames, will be published and sold
separately.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

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Monthly Rent, \$300.

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Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor

any other person will be responsible for

any loss or damage to the cargo, or

for the delay of the cargo, or

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Notices to Consignees.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
GERMAN BANK PAPA, Capt. KOHLER,
FROM HAMBURG.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above
Vessel are hereby requested to send in
their Bills of Lading, to the Undersigned
for counter-signature, and to take immediate
delivery of their Goods.
Cargo loading the discharge will be
indicated and stored at Consignees' risk and
expense.

SIEMSEN & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, July 19, 1884.

STEAMSHIP NATAL.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship
Natal, from London, in con-
nection with the above Steamer, are
hereby informed that their Goods—with
the exception of Opium, Treasure, and
Valuables—are being landed and stored at
their risk at the Company's Godowns,
whence delivery may be obtained imme-
diately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on,
unless intimation is received from the Con-
signee before 2 o'clock TO-MORROW (Wednes-
day), requesting it to be landed here.
Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by
the Undersigned.

Goods remaining unclaimed after Fri-
day, the 1st August, at Noon, will be
subject to rent and landing charges at 1
cent per package per diem.

All Claims must be sent in to me before
the 2nd August or they will not be recognised.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.

I. MARTIN,
Acting Agent.

Hongkong, July 23, 1884.

To-day's Advertisements.

FOR NAGASAKI.

The Steamship
Haverford,
Capt. S. W. Wilson, will be
despatched for the above
Port TOMORROW, the 26th instant, at
Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
SIEMSEN & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, July 25, 1884.

FOR SHANGHAI.

The Steamship
Yangtze,
Capt. F. Schuler, will be
despatched for the above
Port TOMORROW, the 26th instant, at
4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
SIEMSEN & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, July 25, 1884.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY.

(Taking Cargo & Passengers at through rates
for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEW-
CHANG, HIENTSUNG, HANGOW and
Ports on the YANGTZE.)

The Co's Steamship
Lactris,
Capt. S. W. Wilson, will be
despatched at above TO-
MORROW, the 26th July, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Hongkong, July 25, 1884.

Vessels Advertised as Loading.

Destination. Vessel. Captain. Agents. Date of Leaving.

Bombay, via Straits. Kasgar (s). P. & O. S. N. Co. July 26, at 3 p.m.

Bombay, via Straits. Kasgar (s). P. & O. S. N. Co. August 2, at 3 p.m.

Bombay, via Straits. Kasgar (s). P. & O. S. N. Co. August 1, at 4 p.m.

Bombay, via Straits. Kasgar (s). P. & O. S. N. Co. August 1, at 4 p.m.

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Bombay, via Straits. Kasgar (s). P. & O. S. N. Co. August 1, at 4

claiming it as his own, to this bit of territory, and regarding the Germans a little soil, on which to found their first Colony.

It is said that when two or three of the French men-of-war at Foochow proceeded to positions higher up the river a few days ago, the French Admiral was not at all sure that his vessels would not be fired upon, especially as the movements on shore looked suspicious. The crews were beat to quarters and the guns were run out. It was an exciting moment, and an eye-witness of the scene tells us he expected every instant to see cannon balls and shells flying about. But no hostile act was committed by the Chinese, and of course the French Admiral did not commence hostilities. The drilling and manoeuvres of the Chinese soldiers at the Foochow forts are said to be simply ludicrous. They act just like children playing at soldiers. One company will make a pretended attack upon a building something like a pagoda. The soldiers both outside and inside the building yell, sing sticks with flags attached to them at each other, but a variety of independent orders, and the defenders, after throwing their flags at their assailants below, frequently jump down among them. Warriors of this sort would be a very feeble show before Admiral Courbet's guns.

Among the telegrams which have been forwarded to us by the steamer which arrived from Australia today, will be noticed one stating that England has at last agreed to assume a protectorate over New Guinea, the Australian Colonies jointly contributing £15,000 yearly towards the expense of maintaining the requisite staff of officials there. Of course such a protectorate is equivalent to, if not stronger than, annexation, for it practically means both annexation and colonization.

The island was bound to become British property sooner or later, owing to its proximity to Australia, and the fact that the waters of that most important channel of communication—Torres Strait—wash its shores; and perhaps it is just as well England has taken this step at once, although it means more work and expense for the Colonial Office, and in our opinion there was not the faintest chance of any other country venturing to lay hands on the soil. The Australians cannot possibly want the territory at present, as they have far more valuable land in Queensland than they can possibly occupy for many years to come.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Strait Times* writes:—During the present outbreak of hydrophobia in Singapore, a few lines on the early symptoms of rabies in the dog may be of use; especially as they do not correspond entirely with the symptoms of hydrophobia in man.

Amongst the earliest symptoms are unusual silliness, rigidity, and continual shifting of position. Another early symptom is a peculiar delirium; the dog perhaps springing up and giving an angry bark at an imaginary object.

A constant early symptom is change of voice, which may take place in two ways:—as a hoarse inward bark, or as a combination of a perfect bark, uttered abruptly and very singularly in a howl.

Other symptoms, observed at the commencement of the disease, are loss of appetite, propensity to lick solid surfaces, such as a stone or brick, or to devour straw and other rubbish; and peculiar eagerness in scenting at and licking the corners of rooms and other places. There is no dread of water as in the human being; there often being an insatiable thirst.

The saliva is at first increased in quantity, but this increases soon passes off, and the secretion becomes exceedingly viscid and sticky, sticking to the corners of the mouth, and annoying the poor dog extremely; who may be seen licking with his paws at the corners of his mouth.

The amount of ferocity displayed by rabid dogs varies greatly, some biting every man and beast in their way; while others show an increased fondness, and are perpetually trying to lick their owners' hands and faces; hence, they should be taken that there are no rabid dogs about, and a suspicious dog has been allowed to lick, and if so, those should be cautioned at once.

It is of importance also to note that hydrophobia may be communicated by contact of the dog's saliva with the skin or mucous membrane, without any wound or abrasion.

It is not known whether the saliva is the poisonous agent, or whether some poisonous matter is secreted by the mouth, fauces, or lungs, and mixed with the saliva.

Again, it is uncertain whether the whole fluids and solids of the animal are not poisonous also.

Lastly, a point of more importance and uncertainty is, whether the bite of an animal in health, or of one merely enraged, may not cause the disease; it is very certain, at all events, that the bite of an animal will prove fatal long before it exhibits any outward symptoms of rabies.

The usual duration of rabies is from four to six days; and it may infect the cat, horse, sheep, and other animals.

The following telegrams are taken from Australian papers:—

London, June 25.—The Right Hon. Earl Granville, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and the Right Hon. H. C. E. Childers, Chancellor of the Exchequer, will represent England in the Conference which meets in London on Saturday to consider Egyptian affairs. France will be represented by M. Weyland, and Italy by M. Bissolati, both of whom are Ministers of the Government.

London, June 26.—Medical experts differ in their opinions as to whether the recent outbreak of cholera at Toulon is sporadic or Asiatic cholera. Several additional deaths have occurred.

Increasing alarm prevails at Toulon in consequence of the outbreak of cholera, and one-quarter of the population have fled from the city. Eight deaths from the disease occurred on Thursday.

London, June 26.—Sir Stafford Northcote having given notice in the House of Commons of his intention to move at an early

date that the Anglo-French agreement for the solution of the Egyptian difficulty is neither calculated to tend to the peace of Egypt, nor that its provisions justify England in guaranteeing a loan on behalf of that country, Mr. Robert Arthur Amold, Liberal Member for Stafford, has given notice of his intention to move as an amendment that the House withhold its opinion until the financial proposals are disclosed.

London, June 26.—Mr. Gladstone will meet the vote of censure to be moved against the Government by Sir Stafford Northcote with a direct negative.

London, June 26.—Mr. H. Murray Smith, Agent-General for Victoria, is again urging upon the Colonial Office the desirability of an immediate settlement of the question in regard to the annexation of New Guinea.

London, June 26.—Mr. Lovell, the eminent French jurist, asserts that the Anglo-French treaty does not permit the extradition of escaped recidivists.

London, June 26.—The death is announced of the Rev. J. Baldwin Brown, the well-known Independent minister.

London, June 27.—Two escaped convicts from New Caledonia, who were stowaways on board the barque *Berland*, have been arrested at Swansea on the arrival of the barque there. The prisoners have been handed over to the French authorities to be dealt with.

We have received the results of four more matches played by the Australian Eleven in England, up to the 10th of the present month. It will be seen that out of these four matches the Australians have won three, while the fourth was drawn. The Eleven are evidently doing better than they have done hitherto.

The Australian Eleven beat the Liverpool Eleven with one wicket to spare.

They won the match with the Gentlemen of England by 46 runs.

The Players of England were defeated by the Australians with six wickets to spare.

The match between the Australian Eleven and Huddersfield resulted in a drawn game.

The only detailed account of any of these matches we have been able to obtain was that with the Gentlemen of England, commenced on June 26:—

London, June 26.—The fourteenth match of the Australian Eleven was commenced at Kennington Oval to-day against the Gentlemen of England. The weather was splendid, and there was an enormous number of spectators present, the match attracting the greatest interest. An excellent wicket was laid, and the ground generally was in first-rate order for cricket.

The following constituted the Home team:—C. T. Studd, S. Christopher, E. J. Dyer, W. G. Grace, Lord Harris, F. Lucas, W. V. Llewellyn, A. W. R. Dyer, W. E. R. Dyer, A. G. Stiel, F. T. Wellman. Murdoch was the batsman, and elected to send his men in.

The latter was unsuccessful, however, being bowled after scoring 8. Murdoch took his place, and some fast play ensued before Murdoch was bowled for 15. Giffen, the next batsman, only scored 2, when he was taken at the wicket. Palmer was the next man, and soon afterwards Murdoch was bowled, having 11 to his credit. Scott joined Palmer, but the latter was caught after scoring a single. Bonnor followed, and was also caught without having increased the Australian total. Blackham, however, came to the rescue, and a considerable stand was made before Scott retired, bowled for 16. Murdoch passed Blackham, and a good display of cricket ensued, both men playing really in fine style, until Blackham was given out. L. W. for 10. Spofforth caught 7, and Bayle, caught and bowled 21, succeeded Blackham, Murdoch carrying out his part for 30 after an excellent innings, during which he never gave the Englishmen a single chance. The falling of the home team was rather weak, so real players being let off easily. The principal bowler was S. Christopher, who took 8 out of 10 wickets, and for 30 after an excellent innings, during which he never gave the Englishmen a single chance. The falling of the home team was rather weak, so real players being let off easily. The principal bowler was S. Christopher, who took 8 out of 10 wickets, and for 30 after an excellent innings, during which he never gave the Englishmen a single chance.

The following are the scores:—

AUTUMN ELEVEN—FIRST INNINGS.

B. Murdoch, b. 3
C. T. Studd, b. 15
S. Christopher, c. 21
Giffen, c. 2
Palmer, b. 1
Scott, b. 10
Bonnor, c. 16
Blackham, b. 16
Midwinter, not out. 60
Spofforth, c. 7
Bayle, c. 21
Studd, c. 4

Total 229

Bowling Analysis:—Christopher, 8 wickets for 80.

GENTLEMEN OF ENGLAND—FIRST INNINGS.

Studd, not out. 16
Lucas, b. 18
Read, not out. 11
Studd, c. 6

Total, with two wickets down 91

SUPREME COURT.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

(Before the Hon. J. Russell, Puisne Judge.)

Friday, July 25.

JAMES RANGEL v. H. S. COHEN.

Mr D. Caldwell appeared for the plaintiff and explained that defendant had guaranteed the payment of the amount of the judgment which plaintiff had obtained against Mr. Rangel, late proprietor of the "Straits Times," in the sum of £2,000, the sum being for the difference in the price of certain shares which Rangel had contracted to deliver to Rangel at a certain date and failed to do so.

Plaintiff was put into the box, and produced the note of guarantee, which he saw defendant sign in Mr. Caldwell's Office on the 30th June.

The note runs as follows:—"In consideration of your suspending execution of the writ of execution issued herein until the 30th July next, I hereby guarantee and undertake to pay the sum of £2,000, being the amount of the judgment rendered in case before me on the 30th July, Mr. Rangel, late proprietor of the 'Straits Times,' in the sum of £2,000, the sum being for the difference in the price of certain shares which Rangel had contracted to deliver to Rangel at a certain date and failed to do so.

Plaintiff was put into the box, and produced the note of guarantee, which he saw defendant sign in Mr. Caldwell's Office on the 30th June.

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came up and raised his stick and told him to go away, which he refused to do.

In answer to this complaintant stated that he did not speak a word to defendant until he was insulting.

Sung Yuk Lam, defendant's friend, said he was sitting down with defendant when complainant and two ladies came up. He got up from the seat but defendant did not. Complainant told defendant to go away but he would not. Complainant then slapped defendant and took him in custody.

Defendant was fined \$5.

A CONFIRMED THIEF.

Au Atai, bricklayer, appeared on remand on a charge of stealing clothing to the value of \$8, the property of a woman named Shau Wan, on the 18th inst. The case was proved against defendant and also eight previous convictions and he was sentenced to six months' hard labour, the first and last fourteen days to be in solitary confinement.

The six months to commence at the end of a sentence of six months which defendant is now undergoing for a former larceny.

Before E. Mackay, Esq.

ASSAULT.

Chung Ahing, a painter, was convicted of assault on the 24th inst. He was charged with assaulting Chung Keng, a ticket collector employed at the theatre, on the 24th inst. Defendant attempted to enter the gallery of the theatre without a ticket and on being stopped by the ticket collector, struck him two blows on the head with a brick.

Six previous convictions for larceny from the person, larceny, &c., were proved against the defendant and he was sentenced to six months' hard labour, the first and last fourteen days to be in solitary confinement.

(To be continued.)

THE COLQUHOUN-HALLET EXPLORING EXPEDITION.

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bulous value. Every line has a blood curdling history. I went to view the place but was much disappointed with it. In front there is a fairly good stretch of lawn.

The Sultan's palace, nearly opposite to the Sultan's, is the better one of the two. Under a shed were a couple of carriages, a gig and a phaeton, both very good but going to ruin for want of looking after.

Yielding to curiosity, I looked over the fence of the Sultan's place and saw a lot of little naked royal bloods running about. Some rather pretty girls were also dressing their hair, and the Sultan's uncle was practicing music on an accordion. I was to have interviewed the late Sultan but he was again suffering a relapse of the complaint of which he afterwards died. A friend of mine, who was present, told me that during his interview a guard stood alongside him with a miked knife as if about to strike, only waiting a wink from his Royal Highness to do so. He was informed that it was only court etiquette and that no harm was intended him, but he assured me that it considerably shortened the interview.

The Sultan, Sultana, & ladies (nobles) and most Sultan's have a great dread of poison—the only thing, I believe, they really fear. Had this not been so the late Sultan might have been a great success in his career.

He was a very brave man, but he was too afraid of poison. The office of taster can hardly be a desirable one, yet not a single house of any pretensions is without one.

(To be continued.)

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handpoint its influence can hardly be overestimated on the destiny of Siam and its dependencies and the whole of the Southeastern and Central portion of Asia. It would unite and connect the Kingdom of Siam, and no doubt enlarge it greatly to the North. We were informed by the Governor of Chienyang that many of the Northern states that are now at war with Burmah are only waiting to see Chienyang strengthened enough for them to transfer their allegiance to the Kingdom of Siam. In so doing they would add greatly to the prospect of obliterating those states that are now at constant warfare among themselves.

—D. McGilvary, in *Siam Advertiser*.

A CHINESE 'CONFIDENCE TRICK' AT SINGAPORE.

(Straits Times.)

Recently quite a number of complaints have been received of persons, generally of a frank and unsuspicious nature, who have been deceived by means of the ring trick, and one case a day or two ago came before the magistrate.

It appears that a Chinese, fresh from the Siam, was about to enter a goldsmith's shop to make a few purchases, when he impinged on two of his compatriots, also Siam men, who pointed to a piece of paper, evidently containing a tricking lying on the ground, and a scramble to pick up the paper, and one of the confederates—that is one of the party of two—managed to secure it. On seeing it, the man who had been deceived, to be a fine gold ring bearing the name of a well known jeweller. He secured this prize was reconstructed with by his comrades and also by the simple first mentioned Siam Chinese. At last the passer yielding to their remonstrances and to a sudden attack of generosity said, 'Well, we'll sell the ring and divide the proceeds equally.' This was joyfully agreed to by the others, the simple countryman being overpowered with such noble conduct, and the two went to a certain quarter of the town where the holder of the ring said he could find a ready purchaser.

**SHIPPING IN CHINA, JAPAN,
PHILIPPINES, AND SIAM
WATERS.**

<i>Vessel's Name.</i>	WHAMPOA. <i>Flag & Reg.</i>	<i>Destination.</i>
Shun-on	Annam.str.	
W Homever	Ger. bga.	

CANTON.
None.
MACAO.
Brit. sch.
Chi. str. Canton
SWATOW

In port on July 16, 1884.

Agnes Muir	Brk.	bqe.
Tay Watt	Siam.	bqe.

AMOY.

In port on July 19, 1884.

B. H. Steenken	Ger.	bg.	Chefoo.
Elae	Ger.	bg.	
Frohlich	Ger.	bg.	
Glenury	Br.	3m. sch.	
Hormann	Ger.	bqe.	
Johann Carl	Ger.	sch.	
Louise	Ger.	sch.	Chefoo

FOOCHOW

In port on July 19, 1884.
MERCHANT STEAMERS.
Glencon British London, &
Taku British
MERCHANT SAILING VESSELS:
None.
SHANGHAI.

In port on July 19, 1884.		
MERCHANT STEAMERS.		
Benlarig	British	London
Baconshire	British	London
Devonshire	British	
Fuyew	Chinese	
Ganges	British	
Gleearn	British	
Glenroy	British	
Glonfinlas	British	
Glenlyon	British	London
Greatham Hall	British	

Haoshen	Chinese	
Hector	British	
Idang	German	Nagasaki
Iga	French	H'kong,
Imoudaddy	Chinese	
Kiang-piau	British	
Monolusa	British	
Ningpo	Chinese	Tientsin
Patuscius	French	
Peking	Chinese	
Shanghai	British	Hankow,
Sindh	French	Hongkong
Stove Nordiske	Danish	
Sual	British	Hankow,
Suxes	British	
Taiwo	British	Hankow,
Waverley	British	Tientsin
Whe-on	British	
Will-o-the-Wisp	British	
Y-jing	British	Vladivostok
Yung-ning	Chinese	Wenchow

MECHANIST BUILDING VARIETY.			
Claro Bubyuan	Brit.	bgs.	Army
Dorothy	Siam.	bgs.	
Henrietta	Amer.	ah.	
Leocyth	Brit.	bgs.	
Onesma	Brit.	bgs.	
Satsuma	Brit.	bg.	
Ses. Swallow	Brit.	bgs.	
Sin Kolga	Brit.	bgs.	
NAGASAKI.			
In port on June 12, 1884.			
Channel Queen	Brit.	bgs.	
Emily	Brit.	bgs.	
Gastrula	Dut.	bg.	
Gitanilla	Brit.	bgs.	
Socolo	Brit.	bgs.	
Pelham	Brit.	bg.	
M. A. Dixon	Brit.	bgs.	

In port on July 3, 1884.
 Grenville Boile Am. bqs.
 John A. Briggs Am. sh.
 Kennebec Am. sh.
 Pictou Am. sh. New York
 Queen Emma Brit. bqs.

YOKOHAMA.
 In port on July 12, 1884.
 A'asia Cashman Ger. sch.
 Black Diamond Ger. bqs.
 Kalow Erik. bqs.
 Mary C. Behm Ger. sch.
 Nicoline Ger. sch.
 Rachel Brit. bqs.
 Rose Russ. sch.
 Thomas Dana Amer. sh.

MANTILA.		
In part on July 5, 1884.		
Burdwan	Brit. bgo.	
Corympech	Amer. bgo.	
Hercules	Amer. sh.	Boat
Horseguard	Brit. bgo.	
Kepler	Ger. bgo.	
Minnie Allen	Amer. bgo.	
Norma	Ger. bgo.	Channel
Reporter	Amer. sh.	
Serenac	Amer. bgo.	
<hr/> <h3>HOILO.</h3>		
Howard	Amer. sh.	New Y.
Lemnos Castle	Brit. bgo.	Liverp.
Oblio	Ital. sh.	
Panny	Amer. sh.	
Quicketop	Amer. bgo.	
Solid	Span. sch.	

Antoinette	Cebu.
B. F. Watson	Brit. bqs. Iarap.
Paul Rogers	Amer. bqs. New Y.
	Amer. ab. New Y.
BANGKOK.	
In port on July 13, 1884.	
Advance	Siam. bqs.
Aurora	Brit. bqs.
Cham, Kamro	Siam. bqs.
C. Pearson	Amer. bqs.
C. Traubenberg	Sved. bqs.
China	Siam. bg. Laid a.
Diamond City	Siam. bqs.
Edon	Brit. bqs.
Envoy	Siam. bqs.
Falcon	Siam. bqs.
Footwear	Siam. fg.
Francis B. Ray	Amer. bqs.
Gramme	Ital. bqs.
Heng Seng	Siam. bqs.

Harnes	Ger.	bge.
Hero	Ger.	bge.
Kim Oye Saeg	Siam.	sch.
Kim Soon Hoat	Siam.	ing.
Long Hin	Siam.	bge.
Mareland	Brit.	bge.
Meridian	Siam.	sch.
Mercory	Siam.	bge.
Phatmet	Siam.	sch.
Princess Straphim	Siam.	bge.
Race Horse	Siam.	bge.
Siam	Siam.	bge.
Siamese Crown	Siam.	sch.
Starlight	Siam.	bge.
T. C. Hongkong	Siam.	bge.
Telegraph	Siam.	bge.
Thoon Kramon	Siam.	bge.

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